

## **$\alpha$ -GLUCOSIDASE from *Aspergillus niger* (Lot 170103c)**

### **Non-recombinant**

#### **E-TRNGL**

03/21

EC: 3.2.1.20

Synonyms:  $\alpha$ -glucosidase;  $\alpha$ -D-glucoside glucohydrolase

CAZy Family: GH31

CAS: 9001-42-7

### **PROPERTIES**

#### **1. ELECTROPHORETIC PURITY:**

- Single band on SDS-gel electrophoresis (MW = 113,000)
- Two bands on isoelectric focusing
  - major, pI = 5.1 (80%)
  - minor, pI = 5.0 (20%)

#### **2. SPECIFIC ACTIVITY:**

**74 U/mg protein (on Maltose) at pH 4.5 and 40°C**

**One Unit** of  $\alpha$ -glucosidase activity is defined as the amount of enzyme required to release one  $\mu$ mole of glucose per minute from maltose (10 mg/mL) in sodium acetate buffer (100 mM) at pH 4.5 and 40°C.

#### **3. SPECIFICITY:**

Hydrolysis of terminal, non-reducing  $\alpha$ -1,4-linked D-glucose residues with release of D-glucose.

#### **4. RELATIVE RATES OF HYDROLYSIS OF SUBSTRATES:**

| Substrate                         | %     |
|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Maltose                           | 100   |
| p-Nitrophenyl $\alpha$ -glucoside | 3.00  |
| Phenyl $\alpha$ -glucoside        | 3.57  |
| Methyl $\alpha$ -glucoside        | 1.43  |
| Maltotetraose                     | 89.71 |
| Isomaltose                        | 45.57 |
| Nigerose                          | 90.86 |
| Kojibiose                         | 23.36 |

#### **5. PHYSICOCHEMICAL PROPERTIES:**

Recommended conditions of use are at pH 4.5 and up to 50°C

|                        |         |
|------------------------|---------|
| pH Optima:             | 4.5     |
| pH Stability:          | 4.0-6.0 |
| Temperature Optima:    | 70°C    |
| Temperature Stability: | 50°C    |
| Carbohydrate Content:  | ~ 27%   |

#### **6. STORAGE CONDITIONS:**

The enzyme is supplied as an ammonium sulphate suspension in 0.02% sodium azide and should be stored at 4°C. Transglucosidase is stable to repeated freeze/thaw cycles and can be lyophilised.

It is recommended that all buffers used for dilution contain BSA (1 mg/mL). **Swirl to mix the enzyme immediately prior to use.**

#### **7. REFERENCES:**

McCleary, B.V. & Gibson, T. S. (1989). Purification, properties and industrial significance of transglucosidase from *Aspergillus niger*. *Carbohydr. Res.*, 185, 147–162.